



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Smallpox in Cairo, Ill.

CAIRO, ILL., January 12, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report for the week ended January 12, 1901, 2 new cases of smallpox in this city. Cases under treatment at beginning of week, 8; discharged during week, 2; new cases, 2; remaining under treatment, 8. Total cases December 28, 1900, to January 12, 1901, 10; no deaths.

Respectfully,

JOHN MILTON HOLT,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., In Command.

CAIRO, ILL., January 19, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report for the week ended January 19, 1901, 3 new cases of smallpox in this city. Number of cases under treatment at beginning of week, 8; new cases during week, 3; discharged during week, 5; remaining under treatment at end of week, 6.

Respectfully,

JOHN MILTON HOLT,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., In Command.

Vaccination of crews of vessels at Chicago.

CHICAGO, ILL., January 16, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report that, in view of the prevalence of smallpox in this city and adjoining towns, I have made arrangements with the Goodrich and Barry lines of steamers to vaccinate the crews of their vessels now in commission at this port.

Respectfully,

HENRY W. SAWTELLE,
Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

A case of smallpox at Fort Stanton, N. Mex.

FORT STANTON, N. MEX., January 14, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report that one of our attendants has a mild attack of smallpox. He is a new man and contracted the disease at a public gathering at Capitan a short time since.

In this connection I have to report that I was at Capitan yesterday and saw the mine surgeon and general manager. At my solicitation they have established a quasiquarantine, which is conducted in the following manner: The mine surgeon inspects all passengers before they leave Capitan. This is for the protection of the people along the line. The president of the road has given an order that all train crews must be vaccinated, and the general manager of the mine has given an order that all the miners and their families must be vaccinated.

I do not see how we can do any more in the matter.

Respectfully,

J. O. COBB,
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

A case of smallpox on the steamship Buckeye State at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., January 11, 1901.

SIR: Confirming my telegram of yesterday afternoon, I have the honor to state that a patient suffering from smallpox in the fourth day of the eruption applied for treatment at the out-patient office yesterday afternoon, and was turned over to the city health authorities.

The patient was a colored roustabout by the name of Powell, from the steamer *Buckeye State*, plying between Cincinnati, Ohio, and this